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## **ENGLISH GRAMMAR PART II - LESSON 1 MORE ABOUT VERBS : TENSE**

## **NOTES**

## Α. **Notes**

Tense is associated with the verb. It is the basic form of the verb used in the expression of time of action, event or state etc.

- 1. Generally, Verb has five basic forms in English.
- 2. They are:

1	1(a)	2	3	4
Present (Base)	Present (Base + s)	Past	Present Participle	Past Participle
Go	Goes	Went	Going	Gone
Eat	Eats	Ate	Eating	Eaten

- (a) There are two forms in the Present. One is in the 'base' form and the other in the 'base + s' form.
- (b) The Present Participle has 'base + -ing' form.
- (c) The Past Participle has -d, -ed, -en, -t etc.
- 3. The two forms Present and Past are called Finite forms and they are called Present and Past tenses.
- 4. There are three more Aspects which are
  - (a) Progressive or Continuous
  - (b) Perfective and
  - (c) Perfect Progressive or Perfect Continuous
- 5. The tenses with their aspects are called the Tense Forms. 万部間のの臣 (団のの)
- 6. There are two general divisions of Verbs. They are:
  - T E (a) Strong or Irregular Verbs: Verbs whose Past tense and Past Participle forms have PARI ament of internal vowel change. Examples.

Present	Past	Past Participle
Bear	Bore	Born
Do	Did	Done

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(b) Weak or Regular Verbs: Verbs whose Past tense and Past Participle forms have -d, -ed, -en etc.
Examples:

Present	Past	Past Participle
Bend	Bent	Bent
Hang	Hanged	Hanged

7. Some verbs have all the three forms alike.

Examples:				
Present	Past	Past Participle		
Bet	Bet	Bet		
Cast	Cast	Cast		

