



Chapter 10

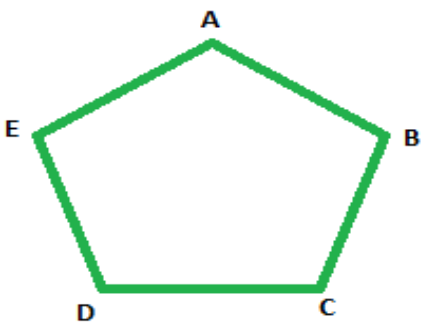
Mensuration

Mensuration:

Mensuration is the branch of mathematics that deals with the measurement of length, area or volume of various geometric shapes.

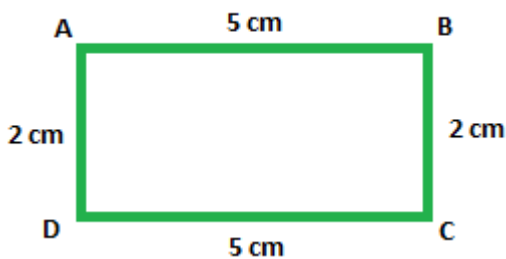
Perimeter:

Perimeter is the total length or total distance covered along the boundary of a closed shape.



Perimeter of above figure = $AB + BC + CD + DE + EA$

Perimeter of a Rectangle:



Perimeter of the above rectangle = $AB + BC + CD + DA$

$$\begin{aligned} &= AB + BC + AB + BC \quad (\text{Since } AB = CD \text{ and } BC = DA) \\ &= 2 \times AB + 2 \times BC \\ &= 2 \times (AB + BC) \\ &= 2 \times (5 \text{ cm} + 2 \text{ cm}) \end{aligned}$$

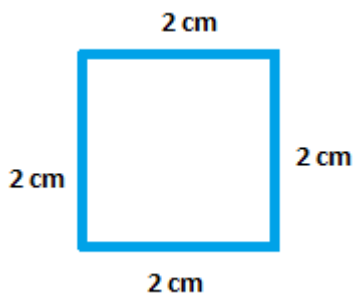
$$= 2 \times 7\text{cm}$$

$$= 14\text{ cm}$$

Perimeter of regular shapes:

Perimeter of Square:

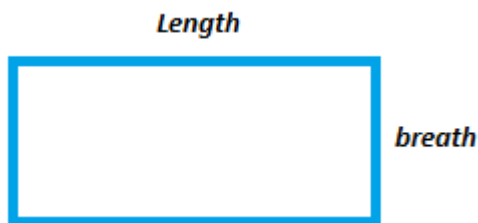
Perimeter of a Square = 4 x length of a side



Perimeter of above square = 2 cm + 2 cm + 2 cm + 2 cm = 8 cm

Or $4 \times 2\text{ cm} = 8\text{ cm}$.

Perimeter of a Rectangle

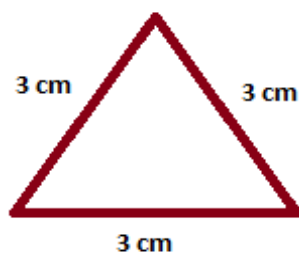


Perimeter of the rectangle = sum of lengths of each four sides

$$= 2 \times (\text{Length} + \text{Breath})$$

Perimeter of a Triangle

Perimeter of an equilateral triangle = 3 x length of a side



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter of the above equilateral triangle} &= 3 + 3 + 3 \text{ cm} \\ &= 3 \times 3 \text{ cm} = 9 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

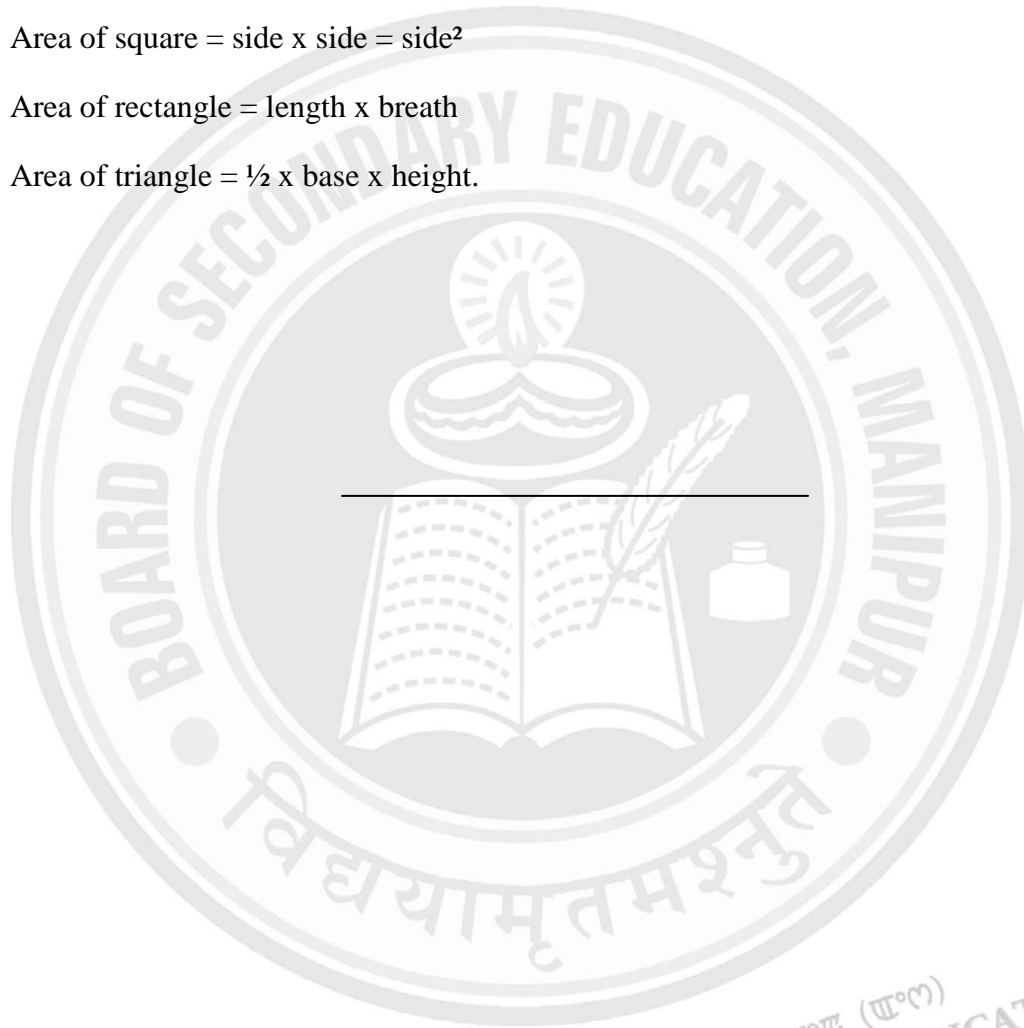
Area

The total amount of surface enclosed by a closed figure is called its area.

Area of square = side x side = side²

Area of rectangle = length x breath

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}$ x base x height.



मानिपुरसभारत एके नमस्कार (ए०म)

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